# SWE Scientific Writing in English

Christiane Schmidt course webpage: <u>https://www.itn.liu.se/~chrsc91/teaching/s24/SWE/</u> Today:

Intro

+ Good writing

+ Cutting the clutter

Tomorrow:

+ How to make a story sticky

+ Punctuation

June 25:

+ Punctuation ctd.

+ Paragraphs, sentences

+ Common mistakes

+ Parts of paper

June 26: Homework discussion Written exam

Part 2: Discuss timing with me!

#### Text:

- The wording of anything written or printed; the structure formed by the words in their order; the very words, phrases, and sentences as written. (Oxford English Dictionary)
- Narrative text (story-telling) and expository text (no room for fiction and descriptive literary tools)

#### Scientific text?

- Expository text
- Written specifically to explain or explore a (scientific) idea
- Ensure that the information is credible and real
- Follows the problem-solution structure
- More straightforward than other texts
- Provides facts in a way that is educational and purposeful
- Goal: make the essay as clear as possible and edit it in order to remove all information that is not strictly necessary

## Working with scientific texts:

- Read understand
- Listen understand
- Write make it easy for others to understand, and enjoy!
- Present It is the author's job to make the reader's job easy.

(Joshua Schimel, Writing Science, How to write papers that get cited and proposals that get funded, Oxford University Press, 2012)

- Scientific texts
- Technical writing
- Research
- Teaching

÷ ....

#### Literature:

- William Strunk Jr. and E.B. White, The Elements of Style.
- Solution Schimel, Writing Science: How to write papers that get cited and proposals that get funded, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- William Zinsser, On Writing Well: The Classic Guide to Writing Nonfiction, HarperCollins, 1998.
- Lyn Dupre, BUGS in Writing: A Guide to Debugging Your Prose, Addison-Wesley Professional, 1998.
- Tim Skern, Writing Scientific English, Facultas wuv, 2009.
- R.L. Trask, The Penguin Guide to Punctuation, Penguin Books, 1997.
   Chip Heath & Dan Heath, Made to Stick: Why Some Ideas Survive and Others Die, Random House New York, 2010

Kristin Sainani, Stanford online course "Writing in the Sciences"

## Good Writing

## What makes good writing??\*

- Communicate an idea clearly and effectively
- Write elegantly and stylishing

takes time, revision

(and a good editor)



Clear thinking

\*from Kristin Sainani, Stanford online course "Writing in the Sciences"

## What makes a good writer??\*

Talent?

?

- Years of English classes?
  Inspiration?
- Having something to say.
  Logical thinking.
  A few simple, learnable rules of style.

Homework 0: read something you would not have read otherwise.

## How do we get there?

- Read!! and pay attention.
- Talk about your research/work before you try to write about it.
- Stop waiting for inspiration.
- Start writing. Write a first draft.
- Revise.
- Learn how to cut.
- Find a good editor/peer editing group.

Effective storytelling:

- 1. Content: what makes a story engage and stay with us?
- 2. Structure: how do you put together that content and make it easy for us to get?
- 3. Language: how do you write the story in the most compelling way possible?

from Joshua Schimel, Writing Science: How to write papers that get cited and proposals that get funded

## Writing Principles

## Active voice is preferred.

- Do not switch to passive voice without a reason.
- Use precise words.
  - Avoid jargon, redundancies, and vague words.
- Use strong verbs, do not turn them into clunky nouns.
- Cut unnecessary words and phrases.
- Use paragraphs to structure your work.
- Avoid repetition.

## Active Voice

#### Use the active voice

Passive: you can say only that an event or action took place, without necessarily admitting what or who the causal agent was.\*

- More than 300 aircraft were ordered.

Active voice:

+ American Airlines ordered more than 300 aircraft.

Passive voice is boring even if you name the agent:

More than 300 aircraft were ordered by American Airlines.

Of course, you can still write some sentences in the passive voice.

"Passive voice emphasises the receiver of an activity (the object), rather than the actor (the subject), and there may be occasions when that emphasis is important."

\*from Lyn Dupré: "BUGS in Writing: A Guide to Debugging Your Prose", Addison-Wesley

You should not mix in one sentence parts that contain the verb form to X (to laugh, to cry, to write, and so on), called *infinitives*, and parts in passive voice."



creates the expectation of an agent

To get advice, you must consult an expert.

Correct, but ugly, in passive mode:

For advice to be gotten, an expert must be consulted.

## Cut the Clutter

From William Zinsser, On Writing Well, The Classic Guide to Writing Nonfiction:

Clutter is the disease of American writing. We are a society strangling in unnecessary words, circular constructions, pompous frills and meaningless jargon. Who can understand the clotted language of everyday American commerce: the memo, the corporation report, the business letter, the notice from the bank explaining its latest "simplified" statement? What member of an insurance or medical plan can decipher the brochure explaining his costs and benefits? What father or mother can put together a child's toy from the instructions on the box? Our national tendency is to inflate and thereby sound important. The airline pilot who announces that he is presently anticipating experiencing considerable precipitation wouldn't think of saying it may rain. The sentence is too simple—there must be something wrong with it.

But the secret of good writing is to strip every sentence to its cleanest components. Every word that serves no function, every long word that could be a short word, every adverb that carries the same meaning that's already in the verb, every passive construction that leaves the reader unsure of who is doing what— these are the thousand and one adulterants that weaken the strength of a sentence. And they usually occur in proportion to education and rank.

## Government memo, 1942

Such preparations shall be made as will completely obscure all Federal buildings and non-Federal buildings occupied by the Federal government during an air raid for any period of time from visibility by reason of internal or external illumination.

"Tell them," Roosevelt said, "that in buildings where they have to keep the work going to put something across the windows."

from William Zinsser, On Writing Well, The Classic Guide to Writing Nonfiction

#### "I have only made this letter rather long because I have not had time to make it shorter."—Blaise Pascal, 1656

#### Example 1:

"This paper provides a review of the basic tenets of cancer biology study design, using as examples studies that illustrate the methodologic challenges or that demonstrate successful solutions to the difficulties inherent in biological research."

In this paper, we review cancer biology study design, using examples that illustrate specific challenges and solutions.

#### Example 2:

This paper provides a review of 3D aircraft object recognition methods based on 2D images.

#### Example 3:

"As it is well known, increased athletic activity has been related to a profile of lower cardiovascular risk, lower blood pressure levels, and improved muscular and cardio-respiratory performance."

- You wrote the text, most likely you will find it difficult to delete words that took a long time to come up with in the first place.
- Try the sentence without the extra words. Decide which is better: gives the same idea with more power.

Example 4:

Yet, only very recently, cases are reported where companies in the bus, railway and airline industry are using advanced OR techniques for solving crew planning problems (almost) optimally.

#### Simplify!

a considerable amount of	
absolutely essential	
a majority of	
a number of	
an order of magnitude more	
are of the same opinion	
completely full	
considering the fact that	
decline	
due to the fact that	
each and every	
end result	
exact same, exactly the same	
exhibit a tendency	
having gotten	
help and	
higher in comparison to	
in close proximity to	
in spite of the fact that	

"From research to manuscript", M. Katz and from Kristin Sainani, Stanford online course "Writing in the Sciences"

## Simplify!

in the final analysis	
including but not limited to	
last but not least	
methodology	
multiple	
nearly unique	
orientate	
prove conclusively	
referred to as	
regarded as being	
seeing that	
the question of whether	
very unique	
the reason that/why is because	

Example 5: Dead weight words and phrases

It is well known (eg. [5, 25]) that both the aircraft routing and crew pairing problems are individually NP-hard.

Example 6: Long words or phrases that could be short

For this reason, the paper restricts itself to hub-and-spoke systems.

Example 7: Repetitive words or clauses

A robust cell-mediated immune response is necessary, and deficiency in this response predisposes an individual towards active TB.

She was not often right.

from Kristin Sainani, Stanford online course "Writing in the Sciences"

She did not want to arrive late.

He did not believe his homework was incomplete.

#### Put statements in positive form

not honest	
not harmful	
not important	
does not have	
did not remember	
did not pay attention to	
did not succeed	

from Kristin Sainani, Stanford online course "Writing in the Sciences"

Eliminate there are/there is

On the topic of generating the schedule itself using mathematical models, there are a few articles that have been published.

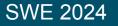
Omit needless prepositions: "that" and "on" are often superfluous

On the topic of generating the schedule itself using mathematical models, there are a few articles that have been published.

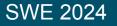
Eliminate there are/there is

If at a turn node, there are more arriving flights than departing flights, it means that there is a plane that sits on the ground for a while and then turns to a departing plane at one of the turn nodes below it. We also assume that for every equipment type there is a single station where balance-checks for that equipment type can be done and that this station is also a regular maintenance station. There is a one-to-one correspondence between Euler tours in the original graph and Hamilton circuits in the line graph.

Anti-inflammatory drugs may be protective for the occurrence of Alzheimer's Disease.



#### Injuries to the brain and spinal cord have long been known to be among the most devastating and expensive of all injuries to treat medically.



#### We will refer to this model as a flight (leg) based spill model.

The airline has to decide the equipment type to use on each leg so that it can fly the schedule, while matching capacity to demand as much as possible and minimizing the total operating cost. An IQ test measures an individual's abilities to perform functions that usually fall in the domains of verbal communication, reasoning, and performance on tasks that represent motor and spatial capabilities.

## Express co-ordinate ideas in similar form.

"This principle, that of parallel construction, requires that expressions of similar content and function should be outwardly similar. The likeness of form enables the reader to recognize more readily the likeness of content and function. [...]

The unskilful writer often violates this principle, from a mistaken belief that he should constantly vary the form of his expressions."

[Strunk, W., Jr. and White, E.B.: The Elements of Style]

#### Express co-ordinate ideas in similar form

- Formerly, science was taught by the textbook method, while now the laboratory method is employed.
- Formerly, science was taught by the textbook method; now it is taught by the laboratory method.
- An article or a preposition applying to all the members of a series must either be used only before the first term or else be repeated before each term.
  - The French, the Italians, Spanish, and Portuguese
  - The French, the Italians, the Spanish, and the Portuguese
  - In spring, summer, or in winter
  - In spring, summer, or winter (In spring, in summer, or in winter)

from Strunk, W., Jr. and White, E.B.: The Elements of Style

Correlative expressions (both, and; not, but; not only, but also; either, or; first, second, third; and the like) should be followed by the same grammatical construction.

It was both a long ceremony and very tedious.

A time not for words, but action.

from Strunk, W., Jr. and White, E.B.: The Elements of Style

Not Parallel:

If you want to be a good pilot, you must study hard, permanently plan ahead, and you should be a good team player.